2.2

Directional seated valves Type WN and WH

Izero leakage (Type WN also as directional spool valve)

Individual valves for manifold mounting Valves with individual connection sub-plates Directional valve banks Section 2 Section 3 D 7470 B/1 Pressure p_{max} Flow Q_{max} = 350 ... 450 bar

 $w Q_{max} = 5 \dots 60 lpm$

Individual valve for manifold mounting (see section 2)



Size 1



Size 2



Size 3



Size 4

Valve with indiv. connection sub-plate for pipe connection (see section 3) Example as size 3



1. General information

- The directional seated valves type WN and WH are of compact design and feature 2/2-, 3/2-way functions. 2/2-, 3/2-way functions are possible by combining two individual valves on one joint sub-plate (see sect 3).
- All functionally important components, from the solenoid armature to the valve elements, are lubricated by the hydraulic fluid, therefore no maintenance is required.
- Type WN is only available as size 1. The armature cavity is pressure resistant up to 300 bar and directly connected to port R. This
 means that between the solenoid armature and the valve elements only a simple pin (with no seal) is required. This results in a
 very long service life (no seal wear).
 - The solenoid force is largely dependent on the respective pressures to be switched. This often enables operation with reduced supply voltage (see sect. 2.2.1) thereby reducing the solenoid temperature and increasing its service life.
- Additionally to the directional seated valve versions of type WN, there is also a 4/2-way directional spool valve available (p_{max} = 300 bar).
- Type WH features an actuation pin between solenoid armature and valve elements which is sealed and shaped in such a way, that the solenoid force is supported by an additional hydraulic force. This enables pressure up to 450 bar (WH 1) or 350 bar (WH 2, 3 and 4) to be achieved.

For lubrication purposes and to equalize the volume, the armature cavity is either connected internally to the return port, or in case of 2/2-way valves connected externally to the return pipe (depending on application).

Type WH 1 features larger valve elements and more stroke resulting in a reduced flow resistance than with WN 1.



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Directional seated valves WN and WH

2. Individual valve for manifold mounting

For valves with individual sub-plate suited for pipe connection, see section 3.

2.1 Type coding, main data

For complete type overview see section 6.1, page 19

Coding example:

WH 1 M - G 24

Table 1: Basic type and size

Туре	Pressure p	_{max} (bar)	Flow (lpm)	
	Directional seated valve spool valve			Directional spool valve
WN 1	350 ¹)	300	5	6
WH 1	450		8	
WH 2	350		15	
WH 3	350		30	
WH 4	350		60	

Table 2: Actuation solenoid 5)

Standard with plug	Without plug	With plug featuring LED's	Nom. voltage
G 12 ⁴)	X 12 4)	L 12 ⁴)	12 V DC
G 24	X 24	L 24	24 V DC
G 98 4)	X 98 4)		98 V DC
G 205	X 205		205 V DC
WG 110 ⁴)			110 V AC _{50 /}
WG 230			230 V AC 60 Hz

Table 3: Flow pattern symbols (also see section 3 for combinations of individual valves)

Suited for		Directional seated valves					
WN 1	D	Q ²) ³)	F	E ²)	W		
2/2-way	R	R	R	R	B A P R		
WN 1	н	N 2) 3)	М	R ²)	wx		
d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	A PR	A PR	A PR	A PR	B A P R		
WH 1 to	D	Q 2)	F	E ²)			
2/2-way	R	R P L	R P L	R PL			
WH 1 to WH 4	Н	N 2)	М	R ²)	\setminus		
3/2-way	A PR	A PR	A PR	A PR			

- 1) See sect. 2.2
- 2) The additional check valve on the P-side in types Q, E, N, R, and WX prevents an equalization of pressure when the passage is open, or a change in direction of flow when due to other switching operations the pressure at P becomes lower than at A (B, R).

See also section 3, table 4 a footnote 3).

The check valve insert can be retrofitted and is therefore separately available. Order coding EK 01.

- 3) See also installation instruction in sect. 5.4
- 4) Not available for WH 4
- 5) For further special voltage see section 2.2.2 "Special voltages"

Only for WN 1, WH 1 and WH 2:

3/2-way valves with additional return pressure stop





When several valves are operating in parallel, the return pressure stop prevents pressure surges out of the common return pipe from entering unoperated, unloaded or easily moving consumers, where there is a connection A→R. Thus preventing uncontrolled movements. Such pressure surges can arise as a result of switching operations. Occasionally the return pressure stop may be required for WN 1 or WN 2 valves, as the resetting spring has a lower force than in WH 1. These check valves are not suitable for stopping pressurized oil, which may be apparent at R, depending on the combination of valves. A circuit with an external check valve would have to be installed in this case.

The following parts are required for retrofitting:

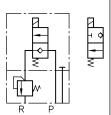
WN(H) 1	Valve shim 7470 021
WH 2	Ball 3/16" DIN 5401 and
	housing 7545 019

Only for WN 1, WH 1:

2/2- and 3/2-way directional seated valves feature an additional orifice in port P, flow pattern symbols D, F, H and M (see also sect. 5.2).



2/2-way directional seated valves featuring a pressure limiting valve in the intermediate plate, flow pattern symbols D and F (see also sect. 5.1).



2.2 Further characteristic data

2.2.1 General and hydraulic

Nomenclature, design Seated ball valve or spool valve in 2/2-, 3/2- or 4/2-way versions, depending on type

Pipe connection Basic valve (sect. 2.1): Via manifold Sub-plates (sect. 3): Via tapped ports

Ports P = Inlet (pump side); A, B = Consumers; R = Return

L = Relief port, connect pressureless to the tank (return) always

For pressure rating, see below

Installed position Any

Flow resistance Seated valves: Only in arrow direction in accordance with symbol

Spool valves: Preferably in arrow direction (see symbol W/WX in sect. 2.1). Contrary to the

arrow direction is permissible; Note pressure rating of R (see below)

Overlapping 3/2-way Negative. Transition from one to the other flow direction is only completed when

seated valves end position is achieved i.e. all passages are interconnected during the switching operation. The switching operation is unhampered by this, due to their quick response.

Spool valves: None

Flow (lpm) See table 1 in section 2.1

Operation pressure Ports P, A and B

Basic type	Flow pattern	Switchable pressure (bar) Applied Relative duty cycle % ED						
		voltage	100	50	<10	Ambient temperature		
WN 1 Directional	D, Q, R,	U _N	230	250	350	Guideline for 20°C		
seated valves	H, N, M, J	0.75 U _N	110	160	200	at 40°C reduced by approx. 10 to 15%		
		0.5 U _N	100	100	120			
	F, E	U _N 0.5 U _N		350		Guideline for 40°C		
Directional spool valves	W, WX	U _N		300		(For restrictions see also section 2.2.2)		
WH 1	all U _N		450			,		
WH 2 (3 and 4)		l on	350					

- $\bullet~$ An under voltage < 90 % of $\rm U_N$ is not permissible with type WH.
- Valves type WN 1: The required solenoid force is usually directly proportional to the operating pressure to be switched. The supply voltage can be reduced (undervoltage see table above with 0.75 U_N a. 0.5 U_N), if the operation pressure in a hydraulic circuit is limited to a value lower than the maximum permissible value, by a pressure limiting valve. This means that the heat build-up of the solenoid is reduced, resulting in increased service life of the winding and reduced heat dissipation to neighboring parts (valve body with seals) and other valves (valve banks).
- The use of an economy circuit is recommended for prolonged operation durations. See also the respective notes in sect. 2.2.2 "Plugs".

Perm. pressure in port R

WN 1: $p_R \le 350$ bar, but observe that $p_R \le p_A \le p_P!$

Note: Use code letter F and E as straight-way valve up to 320 bar only!

WH 1 (2, 3 a. 4): Flow pattern symbols H, N, M and R $p_R \le 20$ bar

Flow pattern symbols D, Q, F and E $p_R \le 350$ bar, $p_L \le 20$ bar

Sub-plates acc. to sect. 3: Version ..S(SR) or ..V(VR) $p_R \leq 20 \text{ bar}$

Static overload capacity

approx. 2 x p_{max}

Mass (weight) approx. kg

	Indiv	/idual	valve	Indivi	Individual valve with connection sub-plate acc. to section 3						
	acc.	to sec	t. 2.1	witho	ut pressure	limitir	ng valv	е	with pressure limiting valve		
				WN 1	- 1/4 (C)			WN 1/ 1/4	1/4	S	1/4 V
	D	H (1)	W,	WH	WH 1/4 (C, L)			WH 1/ 1/4	1/4	SR	1/4 VR
	to	to	WX	D, Q,	H (1), N (1),	W,	U, J,	H (1), N (1),	Q to	W,	
	F	R (1)		E, F	M (1), R (1)	WX	L	M (1), R (1)	R (1)	WX	F, D
WN(H) 1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.2	1.7
WH 2	0.7	1.2		1.0	1.0		1.9		1.2		
WH 3	0.7	1.3		1.8	1.8		3.5		2.1		
WH 4	2.7	3.0		3.6	4.0		7.4				

Pressure fluid

Hydraulic oil conforming DIN 51524 part 1 to 3: ISO VG 10 to 68 conforming DIN 51519.

Viscosity limits: min. approx. 4, max. approx. 800 mm²/s; opt. operation approx. 10... 200 mm²/s.

Flow resistance will increase more sharply at viscosities over approx. 300 mm²/s!

Also suitable for biological degradable pressure fluids types HEPG (Polyalkylenglycol) and HEES (Synth. Ester) at service temperatures up to approx. +70 °C.

Versions for glycol-based brake fluids (conforming DOT 4) are available for WN 1, WH 1, and WH 2. Add suffix -AT to the order coding acc. to sect. 2.1.

Temperature

Ambient: approx. -40 ... +80 °C (Observe restrictions in sect. 2.2.2 "Duty cycle"

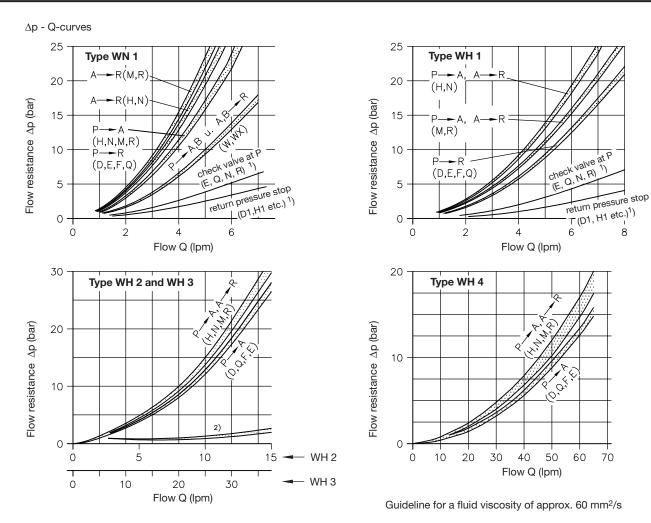
Fluid: -25 ... +80°C, Note the viscosity range!

Permissible temperature during start: -40°C (Note start-viscosity!), as long as the service tempera-

ture is at least 20K higher for the following operation.

Biological degradable pressure fluids: Note manufacturer's specifications. By consideration of the

compatibility with seal material not over +70 °C.



- 1) Add to the characteristic flow resistance of the valve in flow direction when apparent
- 2) Add to the characteristic flow resistance of the valve (Q, E, N, and R) in flow direction when a check valve is installed at P

2.2.2 Electrical data (standard)

Solenoid		Wet arm	Wet armature solenoid, manufactured and tested conforming VDE 0580								
Basic type	WN 1, WH 1 and WH 2					WH 3 ⁶)				WH 4	
Coding acc. to se	G 12 X 12 L 12	G 24 X 24 L 24	WG 110 ⁴) (G 98) (X 98)	WG 230 ⁴) (G 205) (X 205)		G 24 X 24 L 24	WG 110 ⁴) (G 98) (X 98)	WG 230 ⁴) (G 205) (X 205)	G 24 X 24	WG 230 ⁴) (G 205) (X 205)	
Nom. voltage U _N for other voltage, see page 5		12 V DC	24 V DC	110 V AC (98 V DC)	230 V AC (205 V DC)		24 V DC	110 V AC (98 V DC)	230 V AC (205 V DC)	24 V DC	230 V AC (205 V DC)
Nom. current I ₂₀	³) (A)	2	1	0.25	0.14	2.72	1.36	0.30	0.16	3.4	0.4
Power P _N ³)	(W)	24.4	24.4	24.4	24.4	30	30	30	30	82.2	82.2
Switching time	On: (ms)	60 70 (WN(H) 1; 50 (WH 2)				50				100	
(guideline)	Off: (ms)	30 60	(WN(H)	1; 65 (WH	2)	40				40 200 5)	
		approx. 2 3 tin					3 times prolonged with WG versions				
Switching freque	ncy / h	WN 1 =	3600; W	H 1 and Wh	12 = 2000		2000)		200	00
approx.					to be rega	rded as a	pprox. e	venly distrib	outed	-	

- 3) The electrical data of the solenoids are reference values (max.) and can differ insignificantly depending on manufacturer
- 4) DC-solenoid 98 V DC or 205 V DC with plug featuring a bridge rectifier, see also "Plugs", suited for mains 50 and 60 Hz.
- 5) Switching time "off" with WH 4 D, Q 130 ms and flow pattern symbol F, E 40 ms

H, N, M, R pressure-dependent (50 bar = 40 ms; 200 bar = 100 ms; 350 bar = 200 ms)

6) For version with switching performance of 8 Watt, see section 5.3

Continuation: Electrical data

Protec. mode IEC 70 (Co) 13 IP 65 (IEC 60529), with properly assembled plug Isolation class F with WN 1, WH 1, WH 2 and WH 3; H with WH 4

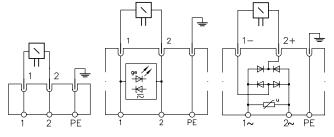
Switch-off energy (Ws) $W \le 0.5$ Ws (guideline + approx. 10% acc. to measurements with nom. voltage UN)

Plug (circuitry and symbol)

DC-voltage DC-voltage Coding G.. with LED's Coding L

AC-voltage Coding WG.. View of the terminal pattern (solenoid)

Al plugs



The plugs are automatically contained in the valve order coding. For other plugs and their resp. data, see D 7163.

e.g. Type SVS 3129020 (yellow LED and protective circuitry)

Type MSD 3-209 C1 (clamp diode, suppressing cut-off peaks)

Valve versions G 24 and WG 110, WG 230 can be used together with plugs incorporating economy circuits, see D 7163, D 7813, D 7832, D 7833. Economy circuits enable a reduction of the final solenoid force, as soon as it has achieved its working position, by reducing the applied voltage. This will significantly reduce coil over-temperature in case of prolonged duty cycles or neighboring valves. An additional advantage is the increased service life of the connected solenoid.

Relative duty cycle

100% ED stamping on the solenoid

Depending on the ambient temperature during operation

At ambient temperature (°C) | < 40 Duty cycle (%ED) 100

approx. 60 approx. 40

Mounting

The solenoid can be simply removed after slackening the 4 fixing bolts, easing replacement in case

of an electrical defect (see also sect. 5.6).

Special voltage

Other solenoid voltages are available, beside the standard versions listed on page 4.

Examples:

WH 1 \dot{H} - G 180 ($I_{20} = 0.33 \, A$) WH 3 E - G 48 $(I_{20} = 0.69 \text{ A})$

The nominal power ratings are approximate reference values only, which can differ insignificantly depending on voltage and solenoid manufacturer. The nom. current can be calculated: $I_{20} = P_N/U_N$ (see examples).

Basic	type	WN 1 WH 1 WH 2	WH 3	WH 4		
Nomi	nal power P _N			~ 24 W	~ 30 W	~ 82 W
<u> </u>	G 12 (X 12, L 12) ¹)	lz)		•	•	
Voltage specification DC (≙ U _N (V))	G 24 (X 24, L 24) 1)	60 F	WG 24	•	•	•
⊴	G 36 (X 36)	(50/		•		
2	G 42 (X 42)			•		
tion	G 48 (X 48)	Voltage specification AC (50/60 Hz)		•	•	
fica	G 80 (X 80)		WG 100	•		
peci	G 98 (X 98) 1)		WG 110 ¹)	•	•	
ge s	G 110 (X 110)	ge s		•		
olta	G 180 (X 180)		WG 200	•	•	•
>	G 205 (X 205) ¹)	>	WG 230 ¹)	•	•	•

Standard version

Notes for lay-out

DC-voltage:

The voltage specification (solenoid lay-out) shall correspond to the actual supply voltage (perm. tolerance ± 5...10%). A reduced voltage leads to reduced solenoid force, an exceeded voltage causes an unpermissible solenoid heat built-up. Only exception is type WN 1, see section 2.2.1 "Operation pressure".

AC-voltage:

The voltage specification shall correspond to the actual supply voltage (50/60 Hz).

The solenoid DC-voltage is approx. 0.9 U_{AC}-2 V because of the utilized rectifier plug. The table above lists the corresponding DC-solenoids for various AC supply voltage (e.g. for 110 V AC 50 Hz, solenoid with U_N = 98 V DC △ stamping on the magnet!).

Individual valve with connection sub-plate For complete type overview see section 6.2, page 19. 3.

3.1 Type WN 1

WN 1H - 1/4 S - G 24 - 150 Order example: WN 1 D - 1/4 V - G 24 - 50 Valve coding acc. to section 2.1

Connection sub-plate with tool adjustable pressure limiting valve

Connection sub-plate with pressure limiting valve connected in series 1)

Pressure limiting valve: = Tool adjustable

SR, VR = Manually adjustable

Desired pressure setting Pressure ranges: (0) ... 80 bar

(0) ... 160 bar (0) ... 315(350) bar

Table 4 a: Connection sub-plates for individual valves

			with flow pattern a		2.1 3/2-way dired	ctional valves	4/2-way o spool	directional valve
Valve coding	D, F Q, E ²)	D,	F	D, F Q, E ²)	H, N, M, R		W, WX	
Pressure lim. valve	without	without	with ¹) ³)	with ³)	without	with ³)	without	with ³)
Suited for basic WN 1 type	- 1/4	- 1/4 C	- 1/4 V - 1/4 VR	- 1/4 S - 1/4 SR	- 1/4	- 1/4 S - 1/4 SR	- 1/4	- 1/4 S - 1/4 SR
Flow pattern symbols		and B 4): /4 ISO 228/1	(BSPP), suited for	pipe fittings s	A P R	852 page 2.	B A P R	B A P R

Table 4 b: Directional valve combinations

2/2-way directional seated valve combination WN 1 D, Q or F Double directional seated valve for pipe connection. Serve for the compact realization of two separate 3/2-Fixation of the consumer at any intermediate position way functions. 3/3-way function WN 1 J - 1/4 - .. WN 1 U - 1/4 - .. WN 1.../... - 1/4 - ... Flow pattern symbol H(1), N(1), M(1), R(1) at port B at port A Order coding for connection sub-plate only (enabling retrofitting of a double valve): Sub-plate 7470 061 complete with readily installed screen filter discs HFC 1/4 F Example: WN 1 J - 1/4 - G 24 in P, A, and B. WN 1 U - 1/4 - WG 230 Example: WN 1 M/M - 1/4 - G 12 Port P, R, A, B 4): Thread G 1/4 ISO 228/1 (BSPP), suited for pipe fittings shape B DIN 3852 page 2

- 1) Utilized to activate a second pressure stage, e.g. for prop. directional spool valves type PSL, PSV acc. to D 7700 ++ or for pressure stage circuits of piloted pressure valves e.g. type DV acc. to D 4350 or AS, ALZ acc. to D 6170.
- 2) Valves coding E and Q should be preferred for by-passing to the tank; A return pressure stop may be installed at R, when pressure peaks could occur at R (see sect. 2.1).
- 3) Attention: Permissible pressure 20 bar in the return! A steel spring housing is available, required when pressure surges (> 20 bar) might occur in the return, e.g. as result of decompression surges induced by accumulating consumers. Indicate in uncoded text "with steel spring housing" added to the order coding.
- 4) For permissible operation pressure, see section 2.2.1

3.2 Type WH 1, WH 2, WH 3 and WH 4

Order example: WH 2 H - 1/4 - WG 230

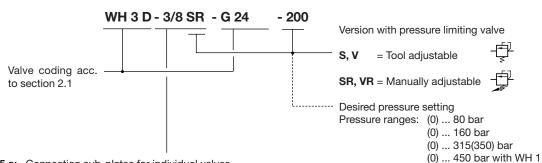


Table 5 a: Connection sub-plates for individual valves

			with flow pat irectional valv	tern acc. to section es	n 2.1	3/2-way dire	ectional valves	3	Port P, R, A
				ressure resistant, by-pass circuits		Port R is pressure resistant ²)			and L ISO 228/1 (BSPP)
Valve codi	ng		D,	F		D, Q, F, E	H, N, M	, R	
Pressure li	m. valve	without 1)	without	with ¹)	with ¹)	without	without	with ¹)	
	WH 1	- 1/4	- 1/4 C	- 1/4 V(VR)	- 1/4 S(SR)	- 1/4 L	- 1/4	- 1/4 S(SR)	G 1/4
Suited for basic	WH 2	- 1/4			- 1/4 S(SR)	- 1/4 L	- 1/4	- 1/4 S(SR)	G 1/4
type	WH 3	- 3/8			- 3/8 S(SR)	- 3/8 L	- 3/8	- 3/8 S(SR)	G 3/8
	WH 4	- 1/2				- 1/2 L	- 1/2		G 1/2
Flow patte symbols	ern	W P	**************************************	R.		W PL	A PER	A PR	For perm. operation pressure, see sect. 2.2.1

Table 5 b: Directional valve combinations

1	ed valve combination WHD, Q or F r at any intermediate position	Double directional seated valve for pipe connection. Serve for the compact realization of two separate 3/2 way functions.	Port P, R, A a. B ISO 228/1 (BSPP)
WH 1 J - 1/4	WH 1 U - 1/4	WH 1/ 1/4	G 1/4
WH 2 J - 1/4	WH 2 U - 1/4	Flow pattern symbol	G 1/4
WH 3 J - 3/8	WH 3 U - 3/8	H(1), N(1), M(1), R(1)	G 3/8
		at port B at port A A Example: WH 1 M/M-1/4-G 12	For perm. operation pressure, see sect. 2.2.1
Example: WH 2 J - 1/4 - G 24 WH 1 U - 1/4 - WG 23	0	Order coding for connection sub-plate only (enabling retrofitting of a double valve): Sub-plate 7470 061 complete with readily installed screen filter discs HFC 1/4 F in P, A, and B.	

1) The connection sub-plate features an internal connection $L \to R$ only for idle circulation circuits. Attention: Permissible pressure 20 bar in the return!

A steel spring housing is available, required when pressure surges (> 20 bar) might occur in the return, e.g. as result of decompression surges induced by accumulating consumers. Indicate in uncoded text "with steel spring housing" added to the order coding.

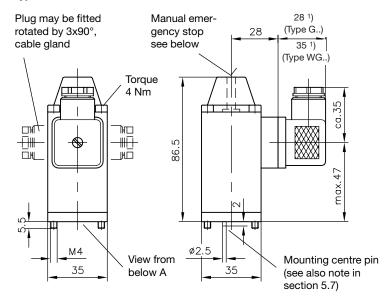
2) The relieve port L should be routed pressurless to the tank, mainly used when A and P may be pressurized during operation.

4. Unit dimensions

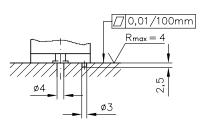
All dimensions are in mm and subject to change without notice!

4.1 Single valve (basic version)

4.1.1 Type WN 1 and WH 1

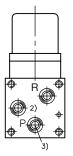


Connection holes for A, B, P, R, L and accommodation for mounting centre pin

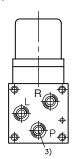


Views from below A:

Type WN 1 D, Q, F and E

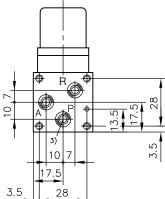


Type WH 1 D, Q, F and E



Type WN 1 W(X)





O-ring seal 6x1.5 for connections A, B, P, R, L Also part of seal kit DS 7470 A-10.

Manual emergency operation:



Tool used (max \varnothing 4.5 mm) for manual actuation (must not have sharp edges)

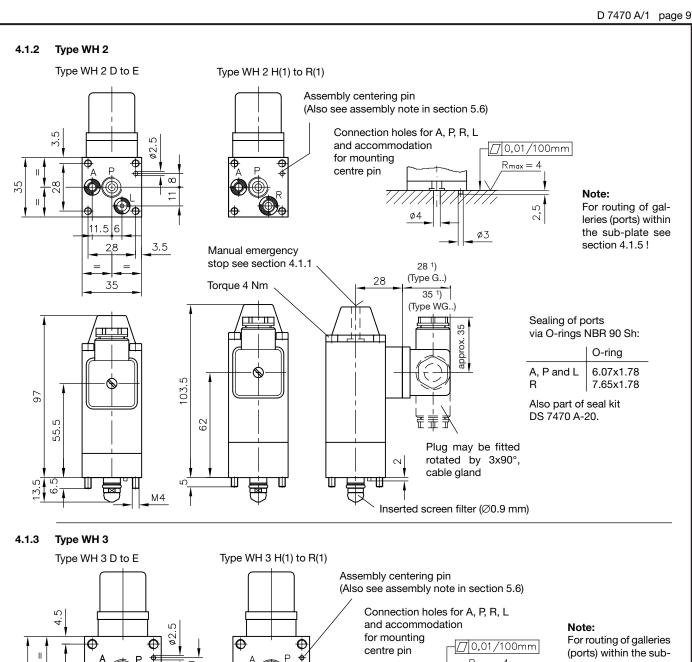


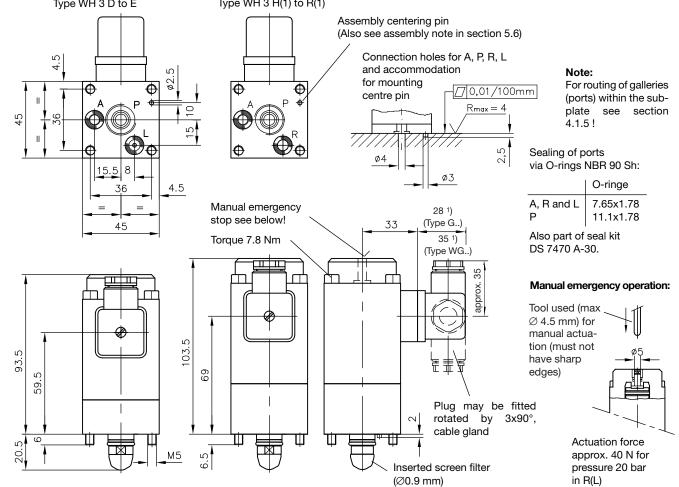
For WN 1 type valves (not WH 1) a higher actuation force is necessary if the valve outlet is connected to a pressurized consumer. Symbol D, Q, F, E and J, U, L (always solenoid a).

- This dimension depends on the manufacturer and can be max. 40 mm acc. to EN 175 301-803 A
- 2) Blind counterbore with O ring 6x1.5. Serves only to close the compensation hole in the sub-plate (see sect. 3), which is also used for WH 1 type valves. In the case of WH 1 it serves for the volume compensation of the armature cavity (sect. 1).

When sub-plates for 2/2-way WN 1 valves are customer furnished this counterbore is unimportant, as there is no such hole.

3) Inserted screen filter (mesh width 0.25 mm)



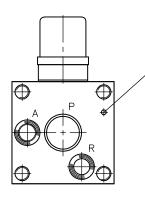


1) This dimension depends on the manufacturer and may be max. 40 mm acc. to EN 175 301-803 A

4.1.4 Type WH 4

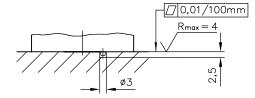
Type WH 4 D to E

Type WH 4 H to R



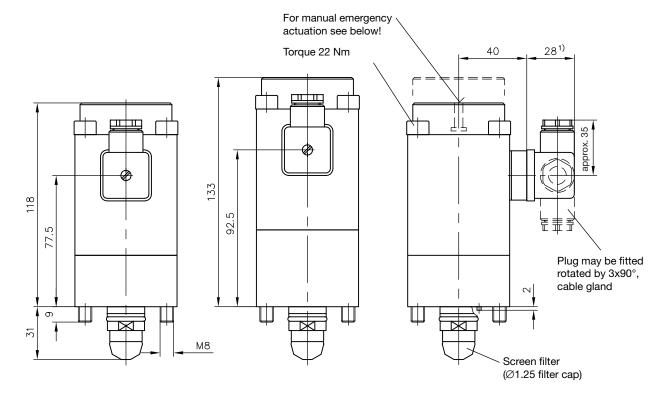
Assembly centering pin (Also see assembly note in section 5.6)

Holes for A, P, R, L and centering pin



Note:

For routing of galleries (ports) within the sub-plate see section 4.1.5!

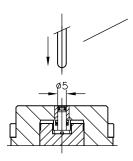


Sealing of ports

A, R and L = O-ring 11.89x1.78 NBR 90 Shore P = O-ring 17.12x2.62 NBR 90 Shore Also part of seal kit DS 7470 A-40.

1) This dimension depends on the manufacturer and may be max. 40 mm acc. to EN 175 301-803 A

Manual emergency operation:



Tool used (max Ø 4.5 mm) for manual actuation (must not have sharp edges)

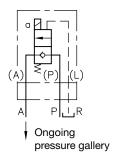
Actuation force approx. 10 N at pressure 20 bar in R(L)

4.1.5 Routing of galleries (ports) within the sub-plate (for type WH 2, WH 3 and WH 4)

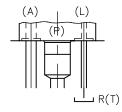
Type WH .. D to E

2/2 directional valves may be connected either directly to a pressurized pipe (both P and A are pressure resistant) or to a bypass pipe leading directly back to the tank (e.g. depressurizing a consumer, idle pump circulation etc.). Therefore the routing of the galleries in the manifold depends on the intended function.

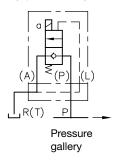
Valve directly in the pressure pipe (thru-valve)

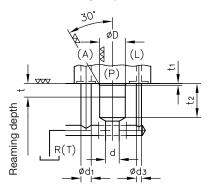


Both sides A and B are pressure resistant, L pressureless to the tank.

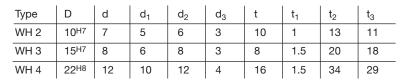


By-pass circuitry, A connected to the return gallery.





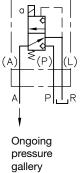
Both L and outlet A may be joint and led to outlet R(T) within the manifold, which again is routed to the tank. For permissible pressure at L and R, see sect. 2.2.1.



 t_2 and t_3 = min. dimension

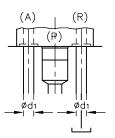
The valve inlet P is protected against coarse contaminations that may occasionally be carried along in the fluid via a screen filter (filter cap), see dimensional drawings in sect. 4.1.2 to 4.1.3. They serve to prevent sudden disturbance caused by coarse contaminations that otherwise could get struck at the valve seat. It may be also advantageous to protect port A from coarse contaminations returning from the consumer via screen filters (e.g. type HFC in D 7235) mounted in the customer furnished manifold. The sub-plates for type WN 1, WH 2, and WH 3 are equipped with screen filters as standard (see sect. 5.5).

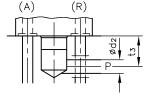
Type WH .. H(1) to R(1)











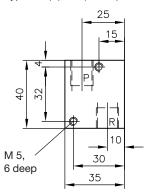
For missing dimensions, see illustration below!

4.2 Individual valves with connection sub-plates

Valves acc. to section 3. Only the connection sub-plate dimensions are illustrated. For missing dimensions of the directly mounted valves, see section 4.1.

4.2.1 Type WN 1 and WH 1

Type WN(H) 1 D (Q, F, E) -1/4

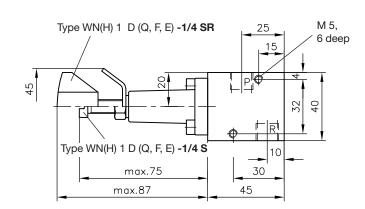


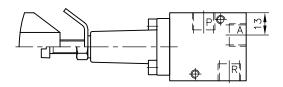
Type WN(H) 1 H (N, M, R) -1/4



Type WH 1 D (Q, F, E) -1/4 L

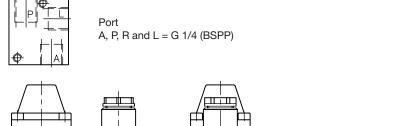
20

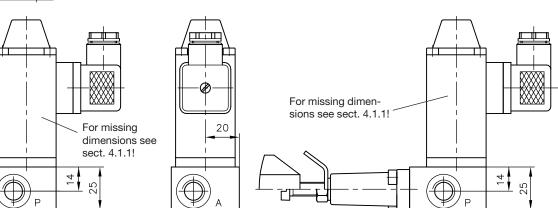


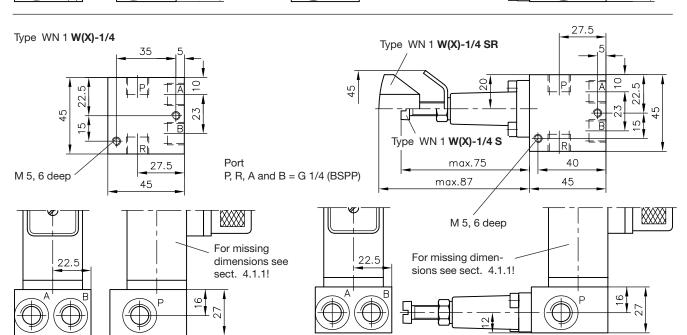


A, P and R = G 1/4 (BSPP)

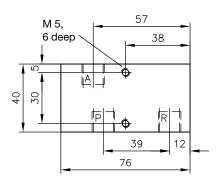
Type WN(H) 1 H (N, M, R) -1/4 S(SR)

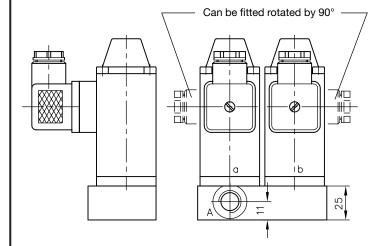






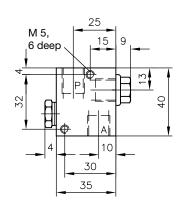
Type WN(H) 1 **J-1/4** WN(H) 1 **U-1/4**

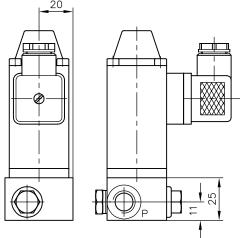




Port P, A and R = G 1/4 (BSPP) For missing dimensions, see sect. 4.1.1!

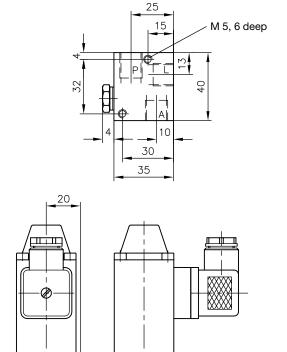
Type WN 1 D(F)-1/4C



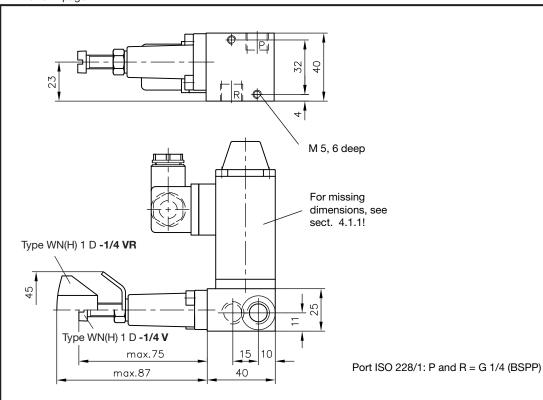


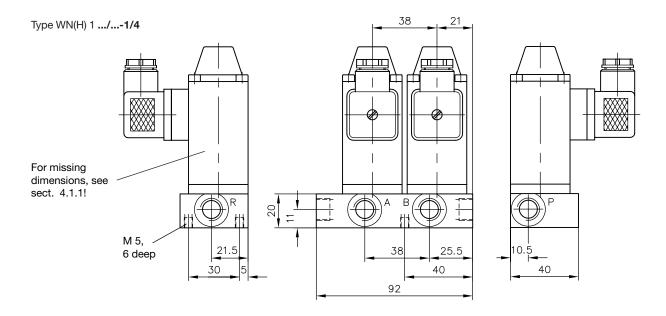
Port P and A = G 1/4 (BSPP) For missing dimensions, see sect. 4.1.1!

Type WH 1 D(F)-1/4C

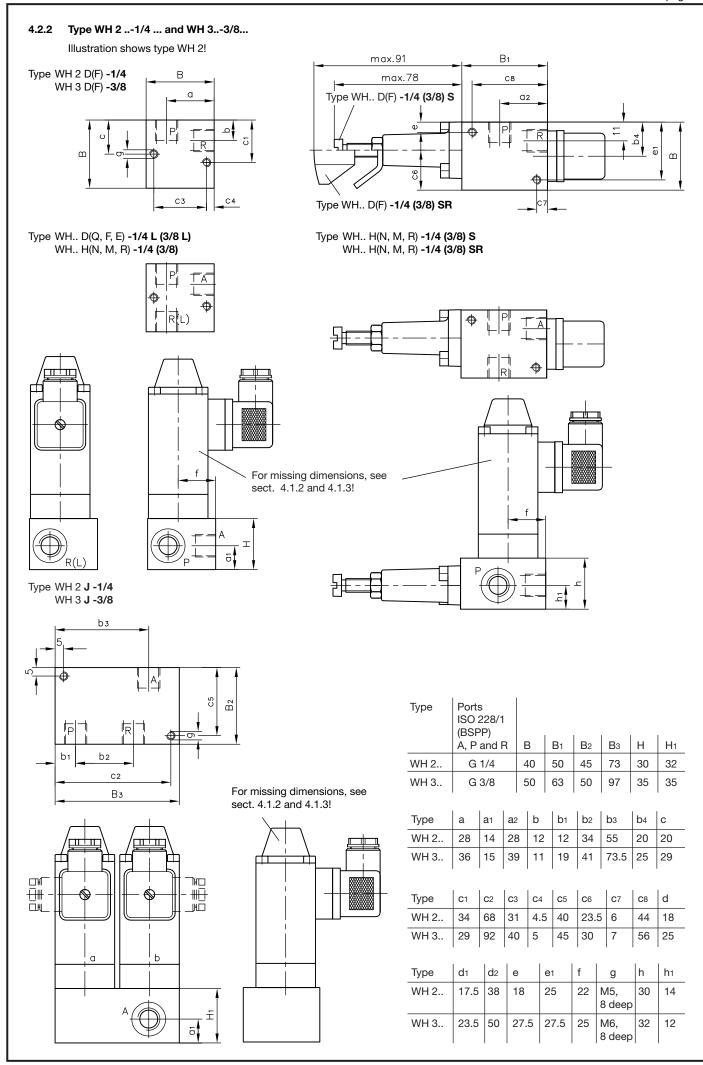


Port A, P and L = G 1/4 (BSPP) For missing dimensions, see sect. 4.1.1!

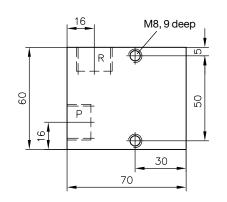




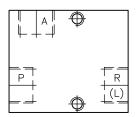
Port ISO 228/1: A, B, P, R = G 1/4 (BSPP)



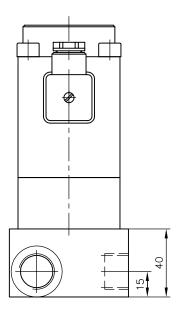
4.2.3 Type WH 4 ..-1/2

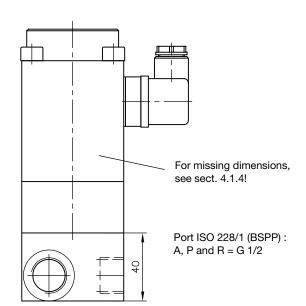


Type WH 4 D(F) -1/2



Type WH 4 D(Q, F, E) -1/2 L WH 4 H(N, M, R) -1/2





5. Appendix

5.1 2/2-way directional seated valve with pressure limiting valve in the intermediate plate (only type WN 1 D(F), WH 1 D(F))

This intermediate plates, features a pressure limiting valve (tool adjustable), allow compact and easy realization of pressure stage ciruitries at piloting circuits. They are used e.g. with prop. directional spool valves type PSL/PSV (see D 7700 ++) for activating a second pressure stage at the gallery LS.

They can be also combined with connection sub-plates (acc. to sect. 3) coding . ..-1/4 or ..-1/4 L as alternative to version ..-1/4 V.

Parameters:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Pressure p}_{\text{max}} & = 400 \text{ bar} \\ \text{Flow Q}_{\text{max}} & = 2 \text{ lpm} \end{array}$

For all other parameters and dimensions, see section 2 and 4!

Order coding for individual valve (example):

WN 1 F/250 - G 24
WH 1 D/400 - 1/4 - WG 230

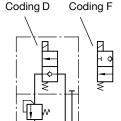
Pressure specification (bar) of the pressure limiting valve

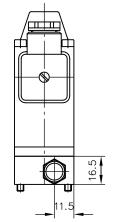
Order coding for intermediate plate as individual element (complete with pressure limiting valve and 4 socket head screws ISO 4762-M4x85-12.9 galvanized):

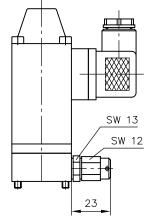
Intermediate plate 7470 104

Symbol

(shown as type WN 1..)







5.2 Orifice insert (only type WN 1 and WH 1)

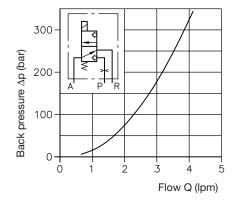
These orifices serve as flow limitation (see Δp -Q curves). They should be used, whenever flows higher than Q_{max} (sect. 2.1) could appear during switching operation $P \rightarrow A(R)$: Hydraulic accumulators on the pump side (gallery P) or at hydraulic pre-controls of directional spool valves with control oil supply from a main line with large flow.

Available for type WN 1 and WH 1, symbols D, F, H, M and W (acc. to table 3).

Avail. versions	Dwg-No.	
Coding	Ø-orifice	for indiv. orders
B 0,4	0.4 mm	7470 075 A
B 0,6	0.6 mm	7470 075 D
B 0,7	0.7 mm	7470 075 B
B 0,8	0.8 mm	7470 075 E
B 1,2	1.2 mm	7470 075 C

Order example: WN 1 H / **B 0,7** - G 24

WH 1 H / **B 0,4** - 1/4 - WG 230



5.3 Wegesitzventile mit verminderter Schaltleistung

Valves with reduced switching performance may be required, when several valves are connected in parallel or individual valves are connected to a SPS or field bus system. Type WH 1 and WH 2 come with plug M12x1, conforming DESINA.

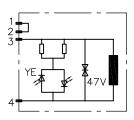
Order example: WH 1 H - M 24 / 8 W

WH 3 N - G 24 / 8 W

Parameters

Basic and size	WH 1	WH 2	WH 3
Flow pattern symbols	all	all	H, N
Switching power	8 W	8 W	8 W
Electr. connection	M12x1	M12x1	EN 175 301-803 A
Nom. voltage	24 V DC	24 V DC	24 V DC
max. flow	6 l/min	15 l/min	30 l/min
max. operating pressure	400 bar	200 bar	250 bar

Coding M.. / 8 W



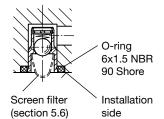


For all other parameters and dimensions, see sect. 2 and 4.

A combination with connection sub-plates acc. to section 3 is possible.

5.4 Installation instruction

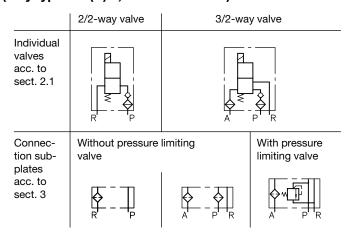
Check valve insert EK 01
Only for WN 1 type valves code letter Q and N acc. to sect. 2.1



Due to the O-ring's elasticity it may occur that the check valve may move and protrude a few tenths of a millimetre before being bolted to the sub-plate. If the valve WN 1 is filled with oil (e.g. due to functional test on a test rig previously), tightening of the bolts may cause a compression of the trapped oil due to the check valve being forced in. The resulting pressure would exceed the one at which the solenoid is still able to actuate. While tightening, it is therefore advisable to press either the manual emergency actuation (see sect. 4.1.1) or energise the solenoid via the plug. This cannot occur with WH 1 type valves due to the hydraulic relief.

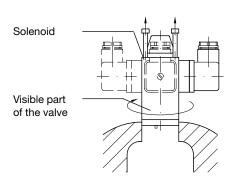
5.6 Screen filter elements installed as standard (only type WN(H) 1, WH 2 and WH 3!)

To prevent sudden disturbance caused by coarse contaminations that may occasionally be carried along in the oil (such as torn off particles of tubing, packing, scale swarf,) directional seated valves are fitted with screen filter elements with 0.25 mm mesh width in the ports P and A (see sect. 4.1). The directional spool valves (only WN 1) cannot be fitted in the housing with these filter elements for reasons of the ducts' design but they are less sensitive to the contaminations mentioned above. For further protection, the sub-plates for individual valves (sect. 3) are fitted with fine screen filter discs HFC 1/4F and 3/8 (acc. to D 7235) as standard at A and B. Connection blocks without pressure limiting valve also in P. These screen filter elements must not be understood as a replacement for usual hydraulic filters. In practice, however, they provide sufficient protection against malfunctions in small hydraulic systems. The filter elements should be checked first, whenever such malfunctions occur. These filter elements are not explicitly shown in the diagrams, for the sake of simplicity,.



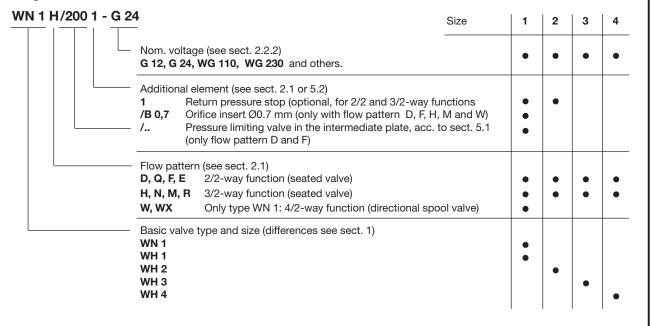
5.7 Rotating the solenoid

When required the solenoid can be rotated on the valve body by another $3 \times 90^\circ$ in addition to the standard assembly position: The best way is to carefully clamp the valve body in a vice and partly or completely remove the screws from above. Turn the solenoid in the desired position and retighten the screws. In order to prevent mounting the valve incorrectly onto the sub-plate (e.g. during replacement, if only the position of the solenoid is considered), a center pin is provided on the underside of the valve, which fits into a hole in the sub-plate.



6. Type overview

6.1 Single valve acc. to sect. 2.1:



6.2 Individual valve with connection sub-plate section 3:

I R 1/M - 1/4	- G 24	Size	1	2	3
	Nom. voltage (see sect. 2.2.2)				
	G 12, G 24, WG 230 and others		•	•	•
	Connection sub-plate (additional element) (without) no additional elements in the connection sub-plate L Only with type WH: external leakage connection 2/2-	wav valves	•	•	•
	S, SR Pressure limiting valve (tool or manually adjust pressure specification, connected in parallel to the 4/2-way directional valve (P→R, sect. 3.1 table 4 a)	able) with	•	•	•
	v, vR Pressure limiting valve (adjustable manually or with a nected in series behind the directional valve (only fleton D and F, sect. 3.1 Table 4 a) mit Druckangabe bypass check valve (sect. 3.1 Table 4 a)	,	•		
	Connection sub-plate (ports, ISO 228/1 (BSPP)) -1/4 G 1/4 -3/8 G 3/8 -1/2 G 1/2		•	•	•
Additi 1 /B 0,7 /	onal elements (see sect. 2.1 or 5.2) Return pressure stop (optional, with 2/2, 3/2, 3/3-way function; se Orifice insert Ø0.7 mm (only with flow pattern D, F, H, M, W) Pressure limiting valve in the intermediate plate, acc. to sect. 5. with flow pattern D and F), e.g. in comb. with connection sub-pla	1 (only	•	•	
Flow patter D, Q, F, E	n (see sect. 2.1) 2/2-way function (seated valve)		•		
H, N, M, R W, WX	3/2-way function (seated valve) 4/2-way function (directional spool valve)		•	•	•
J, U L M. / R.	3/3-way function (combination of two seated valves) 4/3-way function (combination of two seated valves) Double valve, two separately actuatable 3/2-way functions		•	•	•
	(flow pattern H(1), N(1), M(1), R(1), section 3.2 Table 5 b)				
	and size. For differences see sect. 1.				